Journal of the Alex Film Society

April 28, 2007, 2 pm & 8 pm

Vol. 13, No. 2

Of the **THEATRE**

The Best Years of Our Lives

By Randy Carter

II a changed man. He lost the hearing in one ear from explosions filming the Italian campaign, but it was the emotional debt he owed to his fallen comrades that weighed on his conscience. Like fellow veterans George Stevens, John Ford and Frank Capra he came home to postwar Hollywood and cautiously took up the wand of make believe after years of filming carnage, death and concentration camps.

Postwar movie attendance reached peaks that have never been duplicated, but it was the soldiers themselves who shaped the presentation of *The Best Years of Our Lives*. Across four long years GI's fought

The Greatest Generation returned to work

and died and... watched movies... movies on sheets, movies on the decks of

battleships, movies in jungle camps, movies in bombed out churches and castles. These men facing real death and injury had no patience for phony heroics on screen. They booed lustily any actor or situation that didn't ring true. There was a new reality in post war Hollywood and Wyler and his peers got the message.

According to Goldwyn legend, Time Magazine printed a picture showing a group of homecoming Marines leaning out of windows of a railway car on which had been chalked "Home Again!" Sam picked up the phone and for \$12,500 commissioned author MacKinlay Kantor



to write a story treatment. He turned out a novel in blank verse entitled GLORY FOR ME, the story of three men coming back to face civilian life.

In the original story, Homer, the young enlisted man returned with war wounds that produced spastic paralysis. Concerned that an actor portraying that type of wound would be hopelessly unconvincing, Wyler and screenwriter Robert Sherwood visited veterans' hospitals and were introduced to amputees. Non-actor Harold Russell, a sergeant who had lost both hands when a dynamite charge exploded prematurely during training in North Carolina and had been featured in an Army Pictorial Service documentary, intrigued Wyler. Russell

Continued on Page 7



The Best Years Of Our Lives 1	Perspective: Fredric March
Perspective: Samuel Goldwyn	Short Subjects7
Feature credits 4	Calendar

SAMUEL GOLDWYN the producer

Pictures are for entertainment, messages should be delivered by Western Union" - S. Goldwyn

H e was an independent long before the breakup of major studios and their chains. He was among the first advocates of the primacy of writers, of putting classics on film, of transferring Broadway hits to Hollywood cameras. But he was also infamous for his relentless ambition, bad temper and genius for publicity – Samuel Goldwyn became Hollywood's mentor for all future independent producers.

Born in Warsaw, Goldwyn, with the newly "Americanized name" Samuel Goldfish, became a factory worker at a glove factory in Gloversville, NY where he discovered he was an extraordinary salesman.

On a bitter cold winter day in New York, he walked into a nickelodeon on Herald Square to warm up. Watching the jerky, silent onereelers fired his imagination.

He rushed directly from the nickelodeon on Thirty-fourth Street to his brother-in-law's apartment, passionate about launching a career in motion pictures. Jesse Lasky asked how long Sam had been contemplating this idea. "About a half hour," Goldfish replied, "as long as it took me to get home."

Lasky was not enthusiastic, but Goldwyn stirred the interest of a young playwright, Cecil B. DeMille, to direct their first movie and the Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play Company was born. DeMille moved the operation into a barn in Cahuenga Pass and they became the first permanent feature film company actually located in the town of Hollywood – it was 1913 and the movie was *The Squaw Man*.



Goldfish remained in New York to sell the film to theatres, but soon grew tired of selling – he wanted to be a producer. The company merged in 1916 with Adolph Zucker's Famous Players and eventually became Paramount Studios.

Goldfish sold his interest in 1917 for \$900,000. He then formed a new production company (as a producer!) with the famous theatrical Selwyn family. The new partners invented the name Goldwyn Pictures. The Goldwyn Company stars including Mabel Normand and Will Rogers. But a short time later, to the Selwyn's dismay, Goldfish made the company name his own - he officially became Samuel Goldwyn and promptly left the partnership. That company later merged to become M-G-M. But Goldwyn preferred to produce

-2-

I was always an independent producer, even when I had partners – S. Goldwyn

independently. In 1923 he became an independent producer and formed Samuel Goldwyn, Inc. He said: "I found that it took a world of time trying to explain my plans to my associates; now I can save all that time and energy, and put it into making better pictures."

In 1925, he married actress Frances Howard who became his lifelong partner – both in marriage and business.

For the next 35 years, Goldwyn was the boss and sole proprietor of his own production company, a mini-studio specializing in expensive "quality" films, distributed initially by United Artists and later by RKO. The Goldwyn lot, now called Hollywood Center Studios is located on Formosa Avenue and Santa Monica Boulevard. Touted by publicists for his "Goldwyn Touch," he boosted the careers of many actors at various times included, Lawrence Olivier, Merle Oberon, Dana Andrews, Ronald Colman, Eddie Cantor, Gary Cooper, David Niven and Danny Kaye with movies like Wuthering Heights, Dodsworth, Pride of the Yankees, The Bishop's Wife, and Best Years of Our Lives.

Ironically, Goldwyn had a fallingout with Wyler over who should get the lion's share of credit for *Best Years*. Their friendship was soon restored - speaking for the majority of those who worked under the lash of the Goldwyn whip when Wyler said, "Even when you can't agree with Sam, you have to respect him."

Continued on Page 3

Goldwynisms

From that cold day in the nickelodeon to 1959, Goldwyn producer over 100 films. His last film was *Porgy and Bess* (1959) starring Sidney Poitier and Dorothy Dandridge.

Samuel Goldwyn, who had been wheelchair-bound after a debilitating stroke in 1969, died in his sleep on January 31, 1974 at the age of 95.

Looking at Goldwyn's contribution to the American cinema, no one would deny that some of Hollywood's best years were spent with Samuel Goldwyn.

> We welcome once again Linda Harris as a contributor.

"In two words: im-possible."

"...We've all passed a lot of water since then."

"A verbal contract isn't worth the paper it's written on."

Samuel Goldwyn Filmography (partial, in viewer preference)

The Internet Movie Database lists 174 titles for Goldwyn including:

Dodsworth (1936) Porgy and Bess (1959) The Little Foxes (1941) Street Scene (1931) Wuthering Heights (1939) Pride of the Yankees (1942) The Bishop's Wife (1947) Stella Dallas (1937 and 1925) Guys and Dolls (1955) The Secret Life of Walter Mitty (1947) Barbary Coast (1935) Hans Christian Andersen (1952)

Goldwyn also appeared on The Ed Sullivan Show in 1952 "The movies is a place where everybody can go and not blush over what they see on the screen."

> "Too caustic? To hell with the costs, we'll make the picture anyway."

"Anyone who goes to a psychiatrist should have his head examined."

On Fredric March: "I'm overpaying him, but he's worth it."

"When you're a star, you have to take the bitter with the sour."

William Wyler's

The Best Years of Our Lives

Cast Myrna Loy Milly Stephenson Fredric March (AA) Al Stephenson Dana Andrews..... Fred Derry Teresa Wright Peggy Stephenson Virginia Mayo..... Marie Derry Cathy O'Donnell Wilma Cameron Hoagy Carmichael Butch Engle Harold Russell (2 AA) Homer Parrish Gladys George..... Hortense Derry Roman Bohnen Pat Derry Ray Collins Mr. Milton Minna Gombell Mrs. Parrish Walter Baldwin Mr. Parrish Steve Cochran..... Cliff Scully Dorothy Adams Mrs. Cameron Don Beddoe Mr. Cameron Victor Cutler...... Woody Merrill Marlene Aames..... Luella Parrish Charles Halton Mr. Prew (Novak Complaint) Ray Teal...... Mr. Mollett (Axis powers sympathizer) Howland Chamberlain Mr. Thorpe Dean White Mr. Novak Erskine Sanford Mr. Bullard Michael Hall Rob Stephenson Gene Krupa Himself (archive footage) James Ames Jackie* Carol Andrews Saleswoman* Mary Arden..... Miss Barbour* Al Bridge Gus, Salvage Superintendent* Harry Cheshire...... Minister at Wedding* Joyce Compton Hat Check Girl* James Conaty...... Man At Bank Dinner* Heinie Conklin..... Customer* Bert Conway..... ATC Sergeant* Clancy Cooper..... Taxi Driver* Mady Correll..... Announcer* Roy Darmour Parking Lot Attendant* Hal K. Dawson..... Man at Airport* Claire Du Brey...... Mrs. Talburt, Perfume Customer* Tom Dugan..... Doorman* Edward Earle Steese (Bank)* Blake Edwards..... Corporal at ATC Counter* Billy Engle..... Customer* Ben Erway Lou Latham (Bank)* Doris June Fesetta Camera Girl* Pat Flaherty Salvage Foreman (Junking Bombers)* Tennessee Ernie Ford Nightclub/Hillbilly singer* Louise Franklin..... Ladies' Room Attendant* Harry Gillette Card Player at Lucia's* Art Gilmore Trailer Narrator (voice)* Dick Gordon...... Maitre d'Hotel* Earle Hodgins Diner Attendant (Lucia's)* Stuart Holmes...... Wedding Guest* Ray Hyke Gus The Foreman*

Black and White – 1946 – 172 min Samuel Goldwyn Productions Print Courtesy of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer

Directed by	William Wyler (AA)
	MacKinlay Kantor (Novel Glory for Me)
	Robert E. Sherwood (AA)
Producer by	. ,
Cinematographer	
aerial Cinematographer	
Editor	
executive in charge of produc	
assistant director	
Original Music by	
musical director	
	Perry Ferguson & George Jenkins
Set Decorator	
illustrator	
Costume Designer	
Hair Stylist	
Make up by	
sound recordist	
supervising sound editor	
sound	
special effects director	
special effects	Harry Redmond Sr.*
key grip	E. Truman Joiner*
title designer	Dale Tate*
John Ince	Ryan*
Teddy Infuhr	
Jackie Jackson	
Robert Karnes	
Kenner G. Kemp	
Donald Kerr	
Alyn Lockwood	
Susan Mann	
Michael Mauree	
Doreen McCann	
	Girl at Soda Fountain (Enter Mollett)*
	Giuseppe (Lucia's Restaurant proprietor)*
Harold Miller	
Ernesto Morelli	
William Newell	
Georgie Nokes	
William H. O'Brien	
Joe Palma	Card Player*
Leo Penn	ATC Corporal*
Caleb Peterson	Black Soldier At Airfield*
Norman Phillips Jr	Clarence 'Sticky' Merkle*
Jack Rice	Apartment Desk Clerk*
Suzanne Ridgeway	Girl At Table With Cliff*
	Boy at Soda Fountain (Enter Mollett)*
Ruth Sanderson	Mrs. Garrett*
Ralph Sanford	
Noreen Sayles	
Stephen Soldi	
•	Angus (Gus), Butch's Waiter*
Amelita Ward	
	Waiter at Lucia's Restaurant*
Catherine Wyler	

* uncredited, AA Academy Award

Photo Gallery





Photos (clockwise from above):









PERSPECTIVE: Fredric March



E rnest Frederick McIntyre Bickel began his career as a banker, but an emergency appendectomy caused him to reevaluate his life, and in 1920 he began working as an extra in movies made in New York City, using a shortened form of his mother's maiden name, Marcher. He appeared on Broadway in 1926, and by the end of the decade signed a film contract with Paramount Pictures.



With Olivia de Havilland in Warner Bros' Anthony Adverse (1936)

March won an Oscar[®] nomination in 1930 for *The Royal Family of Broadway*, in which he played a role based upon John Barrymore. He won the Oscar[®] for Best Actor in 1932 for *Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde*, and again in 1946 for *The Best Years of Our Lives*. In 1954, March hosted the 26th Annual Academy Awards[®].

March was one of the few actors to resist signing long-term contracts with the studios, and was able to freelance and pick and choose his roles, in the process also avoiding typecasting. By this time, he was working on Broadway as often as in Hollywood, and his screen career was not as prolific as it had been.

March, however, won two Best Actor Tony Awards: in 1947 for the play *Years Ago*, written by Ruth Gordon; and in 1957 for a Broadway production of Eugene O'Neill's *Long Day's Journey Into Night*.

A friend of playwright Arthur Miller, he was favored by the writer to inaugurate the part of Willy Loman in the Pulitzer Prizewinning Death of a Salesman (1949). Director Elia Kazan cast Lee J. Cobb, however, as Willy Loman, and Arthur Kennedy as his son Biff Loman, two men that the director had worked with in the film Boomerang! (1947). March later played Willy Loman in Columbia Pictures's 1951 film version of the play, directed by Laslo Benedek. Perhaps March's greatest late-in-life role was in Inherit the Wind (1960). opposite Spencer Tracy.

When March underwent surgery for prostate cancer in 1972, it seemed his career was over, yet he managed to give one last great performance in *The Iceman Cometh*, as the complicated Irish bartender, Harry Hope. Ironically, co-star Robert Ryan was entering the final stages of lung cancer, so the film was shot on a deathwatch.

Fredric March died in Los Angeles, California, at the age of 77 from



We Live Again (1934) with Anna Sten, A Samuel Goldwyn production.

cancer. He was married to actress Florence Eldridge from 1927 until his death; they had 2 adopted children.



With Humphrey Bogart in Paramount's The Desperate Hours (1955).

Academy Awards® and nominations 1952 Nominated Death of a Salesman 1947 Won The Best Years of Our Lives 1938 Nominated A Star Is Born 1932 Won Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde 1931 Nominated The Royal Family of Broadway

- 6 -

THE BEST YEARS OF OUR LIVES CONT'D FROM PAGE 1

would play Homer and win two Academy Awards[®] for the same part, an honorary Oscar[™] and one for Best Supporting Actor.

Fredric March came on board when William Powell beat him out for the title role in *Life With Father* (1947). Sam Goldwyn persuaded Myrna Loy to play the wife of the banker gone to war, Fredric March. He thought she might be sensitive about playing Teresa Wright's mother but she signed with great enthusiasm. Virginia Mayo was Dana Andrew's two timing wife and Cathy O'Donnell played the young girl destined to marry the amputee.

Dana Andrews was chosen to play ex-pilot Fred Derry, featured in one of the most memorable sequences in the film. Wyler had discovered in Ontario, twenty-five miles east of Los Angeles, a graveyard for bombers and fighter planes constructed too late to be used in the war. "We've got to use this", he told Sherwood and cameraman Greg Toland (Citizen Kane). With a series of dolly shots and the sound of actual engines starting and taking off, they recreated the feeling of an actual bombing run with Andrew's character once again in the nose of a B-17.

The Best Years of Our Lives cost \$2.1 million dollars to produce and Wyler took great care to rehearse and discuss every sequence until the cast understood the context and the intent. The film opened in New York in November of 1946, replacing Laurence Olivier's *Henry V* at the Astor, with special pricing (\$2.40 on weekends for reserved seats). It became a phenomenal success with critics and public alike, earning \$11 million in the U.S. and Canada during its first years in release and, in Great Britain, out grossing *Gone With the Wind*. On March 11, 1947 President and Mrs. Harry Truman attended the Washington premiere with Robert Sherwood. Two nights later *The Best Years of Our Lives* dominated the entire Oscar[®] slate.

The Best Years of Our Lives 1946 Academy Awards[®]

Best Actor in a Leading Role Fredric March Best Actor in a Supporting Role Harold Russell Best Director William Wyler Best Film Editing Daniel Mandell Best Music, Scoring of a Dramatic or Comedy Picture Hugo Friedhofer Best Picture Samuel Goldwyn

Best Writing, Screenplay Robert E. Sherwood

Nominated Best Sound, Recording Gordon Sawyer

Honorary Award Harold Russell For bringing hope and courage to his fellow veterans through his appearance in The Best Years of Our Lives



Including Short Subjects

The Vanishing Private

Walt Disney Donald Duck Cartoon, Technicolor – 1942 – 7:30 min. Print courtesy of Walt Disney Pictures

WALT DISNEP

Produced by	Walt Disney
Directed by	Jack King
Story by	Harry Reeves & Carl Barks
Animation	Paul Allen Hal King, Ed Love,
	Charles A. Nichols, Vladimir Tytla, Judge Whitaker
Layouts	Bill Herwig
Voices	Billy Bletcher, Don Brodie, Clarence Nash
Song	Leigh Harline
Music	Oliver Wallace

Private Donald camouflages a cannon with invisible paint then paints himself to escape the wrath of Sergeant Pete.

Research on short subjects courtesy of the Cine-Loa Archives. Feature credists courtesy of IMDB.com.

Society News

Crime Scene Investigation Benefits the Alex

History For Hire is a leading prop and set decoration provider for the motion picture industry. When owner and AFS Board Member Pam Elyea got a call from *C.S.I. New York* with a request for period film projectors, she knew how to add some reality to the scene. Her next call was to AFS Board member (and Alex Theatre projectionist) George Crittenden to see if he could come to the set as a consultant. George said he'd be delighted to lend a hand if any fee could be donated to the Alex Theatre to complete the soundproofing of the projection booth. This long delayed project became the happy benefactor of George's \$1,200 donation.

George spent several days at CBS Radford Studios (formerly Republic and Mack Sennett Studios) and had a wonderful time with the cast and crew. The only sour note was the story line... the projectionist gets murdered. Thanks George.

Randy Carter, President

MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION mail with check to: **ALEX FILM SOCIETY** P. O. Box 4807, Glendale, CA 91222-0807

Name(s)

(please print)

Org/Business

Address

City

Home Phone

Day Phone

E-Mail

I (WE) CAN VOLUNTEER, Please call.

Enclosed is my (our) donation of \$

(discount admissons good for every screening)

Patron \$100
(Eight discount passes)

Family/dual \$40 (Four discount passes)

(Two discount passes)

Senior/Student \$15 (One pass) Senior over 60, F/T student graduation date:

Zip+4

Please list your two favorite films:

www.AlexFilmSociety.org Tickets: 818.243.2539

Saturday, July 7, 2007 at 2 pm & 8 pm On the Big Screen of the Alex Theatre!

FORBIDDEN PLANET

At once intelligent and campy, Forbidden Planet is an intriguing; sci-fi classic that borrows from Shakespeare's The Tempest and strongly anticipates "Star Trek" in its sci-fi milieu.



WAILEN PILDEUN ANNE MANUG LEGUE NELSEN Waren stevens — ROBBY, THE ROBOT CAL HIME Her Meleid Wilcox - Microlas Narack - CINEMASCOPE - COLOR

Set in 2200 AD, a spacecraft from Earth arrives at a distant planet to investigate the status of a missing colonizing party. What Commander John Adams (Leslie Nielsen) and his crew find is a single survivor, the secretive, uncooperative Dr. Morbius (Walter Pidgeon) — and his virginal but uninhibited daughter Altaira (Anne Francis). As Adams' crew prepares to relay their discoveries to Earth and receive further instructions, the deadly force that decimated the first crew reawakens. Key members of Adams' team are found murdered and Dr. Morbius may not be revealing all he knows... Forbidden Planet was nominated for an Oscar™ (special effects) and is presented in CinemaScope with Color by DeLuxe. Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer (1956).

Saturday, September 15, 2007 at 8 pm ONLY 8th Annual! Live Music, Comedy acts, and Laurel & Hardy's THE MUSIC BOX. VAUDEVILLE EXTRAVAGANZA!

Once again the grand tradition of Vaudeville returns the Alex Theatre to its roots when we present 5 live acts of live music, magic, comedy and thrills. Our evening

will be capped off by two comedy classics both involving pratfalls and stairs: Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy's **THE MUSIC BOX** (1932) and Larry, Moe and Curly in **AN ACHE IN EVERY STAKE** (1941). This is an evening of family entertainment at its best, don't miss it!



VOICE of the THEATRE

Published by and for members of the Alex Film Society P. O. Box 4807 • Glendale, CA 91222 • 818.754.8250 ClassicFilms@AlexFilmSociety.org \$3 (mailed free with membership)

editor	randy carter
design/layout	brian ellis
distribution	andrea humberger
printer	patterson graphics, burbank

©2007 AFS, all rights reserved